

Notations

- (ω_t, P) : 0 を出発点とする \mathbb{R}^d 上の Lévy 過程.
- $P[e^{-i\xi \cdot \omega_t}] = e^{-tp(\xi)}$: $((\omega_t, P)$ の symbol)
 $P[\cdot]$: P に関する期待値.
- $V_t(\omega) := \{(s, x) : s \in (0, t], x \in U(\omega_s)\}$.
($U(x) : |U(x)| = 1$ となる閉球)

- $\mathcal{M} := \{\eta : \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^d \text{ 上の整数値測度, } A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^d), |A| < \infty \Rightarrow \eta(A) < \infty\}$
- $\mathcal{G} := \sigma[\eta(A) : A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^d)]$
- $\mathcal{G}_t := \sigma[\eta_t(A) : A \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^d)]$
 $(\eta_t(A) := \eta(A \cap ((0, t] \times \mathbb{R}^d)))$
- $Q : (\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{G})$ 上の Poisson ランダム測度 :
 $\forall A_1, \dots, A_n \in \mathcal{B}(\mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}^d)$
 $A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset, |A_i| < \infty,$

$$Q \left(\bigcap_{i=1}^n \{\eta(A_i) = k_i\} \right) = \prod_{i=1}^n \exp(-|A_i|) \frac{|A_i|^{k_i}}{k_i!}$$

Strong and Weak disorder

$\beta \in \mathbb{R}$: パラメータ.

- $Z_t := P[\exp(\beta\eta(V_t))]$ (分配函数)
- $Q[Z_t] = \exp((e^\beta - 1)t)$.
- $\lambda := e^\beta - 1$.
- $W_t := e^{-\lambda t} Z_t$ (正規化された分配函数)

$$Q(W_\infty = 0) = 1 \quad (\text{Strong disorder})$$

$$Q(W_\infty > 0) = 1 \quad (\text{Weak disorder})$$

($\because W_t$ は Q -マルチンゲール.

$$\Rightarrow \exists W_\infty := \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} W_t \quad Q\text{-a.e.}$$

\Rightarrow Kolmogorov's 0-1 law より)

Main Theorem

(i) $d = 1, 1 < \exists \alpha \leq 2,$

$$\limsup_{\xi \rightarrow 0} p(\xi) \|\xi\|^{-\alpha} < \infty$$

\Rightarrow

$$\forall \beta \neq 0, Q(W_\infty = 0) = 1.$$

(ii) (ω_t, P) が transient

\Rightarrow

$$-\infty \leq \exists \beta_0 < 0 < \exists \beta_1 < \infty,$$

$$\forall \beta \in (\beta_0, \beta_1), Q(W_\infty > 0) = 1.$$

Examples

- α -stable process:

$$p(\xi) = \|\xi\|^\alpha \quad (0 < \alpha < 2).$$

$d = 1, 1 < \alpha < 2 \Rightarrow$ (i) の条件を満たす.

$d > \alpha \Rightarrow$ (ii) の条件を満たす.

- relativistic α -stable process:

$$p(\xi) = (\|\xi\|^2 + m^{2/\alpha})^{\alpha/2} - m$$

$(0 < \alpha < 2, m > 0).$

$d = 1 \Rightarrow$ (i) の条件を満たす.

$d \geq 3 \Rightarrow$ (ii) の条件を満たす.

- geometric α -stable process:

$$p(\xi) = \log(1 + \|\xi\|^\alpha) \quad (0 < \alpha \leq 2).$$

$d = 1, 1 < \alpha \leq 2 \Rightarrow$ (i) の条件を満たす.

$d > \alpha \Rightarrow$ (ii) の条件を満たす.